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CASE NO: A-20-819732-C Department 13

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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

PHILLIP SEMPER, an individual; COREY JOHNSON, an individual; ASHLEY MEDLOCK, an individual; CORY BASS, an individual; MICHAEL GREEN, an individual; DEMARLO RILEY, an individual; BREANNA NELLUMS, an individual; CLINTON REECE, an individual; ANTONIO WILLIAMS, an individual; LONICIA BOWIE, an individual; and CARLOS BASS, an individual,

Plaintiff(s),

CASE NO.

DEPT. NO.

COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF, INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, AND DAMAGES PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. § 1983 AND NEVADA STATE LAW

(Trial By Jury Demanded)

1	COMES NOW Plaintiffs, PHILLIP SEMPER, COREY JOHNSON, ASHLEY MEDLOCK,
2	CORY BASS, MICHAEL GREEN, DEMARLO RILEY, BREANNA NELLUMS, CLINTON
3	REECE, ANTONIO WILLIAMS, LONICIA BOWIE, and CARLOS BASS by and through the
4	undersigned attorneys, and for their causes of action against each of the defendants, allege as
5	follows:
6	I.
7	JURISDICTION AND VENUE
8	1. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Nev. Const. art. VI, § 6, as this
9	Court has original jurisdiction in all cases not assigned to the justices' courts.
10	2. Venue is proper in the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada because the
11	events giving rise to these claims occurred in Clark County, Nevada.
12	II.
13	<u>PARTIES</u>
14	A. PLAINTIFFS
15	3. Plaintiff PHILLIP SEMPER ("SEMPER") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint
16	a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
17	4. Plaintiff COREY JOHNSON ("JOHNSON") is and was at all times relevant to this
18	Complaint a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of
19	Nevada.
20	5. Plaintiff ASHLEY MEDLOCK ("MEDLOCK") is and was at all times relevant to this
21	Complaint a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of
22	Nevada.
23	6. Plaintiff CORY BASS ("CORY BASS") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint
24	a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
25	7. Plaintiff MICHAEL GREEN ("GREEN") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint
26	a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
27	8. Plaintiff DEMARLO RILEY ("RILEY") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint

- a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
- 2 | 9. Plaintiff BREANNA NELLUMS ("NELLUMS") is and was at all times relevant to this
- 3 | Complaint a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of
- 4 || Nevada.

- 5 | 10. Plaintiff CLINTON REECE ("REECE") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint
- 6 | a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
- 7 | 11. Plaintiff ANTONIO WILLIAMS ("WILLIAMS") is presently a resident of Volusia
- 8 | County, Florida and is was at all times relevant to this Complaint a citizen of the United States of
- 9 | America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
- 10 | 12. LONICIA BOWIE ("BOWIE") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint a citizen
- 11 || of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.
- 12 | 13. CARLOS BASS ("CARLOS BASS") is and was at all times relevant to this Complaint a
- 13 | citizen of the United States of America and a resident of Clark County in the State of Nevada.

14 | B. DEFENDANTS

- 15 | 14. All defendants named herein, upon information and belief, are and were at all times
- 16 | relevant hereto citizens of the United States and citizens and residents of the State of Nevada.
- 17 | 15. Defendant LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT ("LVMPD") is a
- 18 | legal entity for the purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Defendant LVMPD is responsible for the hiring,
- 19 | control, and supervision of all its police officers and agents, as well as for the implementation and
- 20 | maintenance of official and unofficial policies and practices pertaining to the day-to-day
- 21 | functioning of its officers and agents. LVMPD is and was at all times relevant hereto the employer
- 22 | of Defendants ANDREW BAUMAN, MATTHEW KRAVETZ, SUPREET KAUR, DAVID
- 23 | JEONG, THERON YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE
- 24 | LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5.
- 25 | 16. Defendant SHERIFF JOSEPH LOMBARDO ("LOMBARDO") is the Sheriff of the Las
- 26 | Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs'
- 27 || claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or

employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.

- 17. Defendant ANDREW BAUMAN ("BAUMAN") was at all times relevant hereto a law enforcement officer with LVMPD, P# 9982. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 18. Defendant MATTHEW KRAVETZ ("KRAVETZ") was at all times relevant hereto a law enforcement officer with LVMPD, P# 15346. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 19. Defendant SUPREET KAUR ("KAUR") was at all times relevant hereto a law enforcement officer with LVMPD, P# 16227. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 20. Defendant DAVID JEONG ("JEONG") was at all times relevant hereto a law enforcement officer with LVMPD, P# 14997. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 21. Defendant THERON YOUNG ("YOUNG") was at all times relevant hereto a law enforcement officer with LVMPD, P# 15103. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 22. Defendant CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION D/B/A RIO ALL-

- 23. Defendant JOHN CARLISLE ("CARLISLE") was at all times relevant hereto an employee and security officer with RIO. He is sued in his individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and is sued in his individual capacity and as an officer or employee of the RIO as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 24. Defendants DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, whose identities are currently unknown, were at all times relevant hereto law enforcement officers employed by LVMPD. They are sued in their individual capacities as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and are sued in their individual capacities and as officers or employees of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 25. Defendants DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, whose identities are currently unknown, were at all times relevant hereto law enforcement officers employed by LVMPD. They are sued in their individual capacities as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and are sued in their individual capacities and as officers or employees of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 26. Defendants DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, whose identities are currently unknown, were at all times relevant hereto law enforcement officers employed by LVMPD. They are sued in their individual capacities as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and are sued in their individual capacities and as officers or employees of the State of Nevada or any of its agencies or political subdivisions as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.
- 27. Defendant DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 were at all times relevant hereto employees and security officers with RIO. They are sued in their individual capacity as to Plaintiffs' claims arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1983 and are sued in their individual capacity and as officers or employees of

the Rio as to Plaintiffs' state law claims.

28. At all times relevant hereto, and in all actions described herein, defendant LVMPD officers, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 were acting under color of their authority as law enforcement officers at the LVMPD.

29. That the true names and capacities, whether individual or otherwise, of the defendants herein designated as DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 are unknown to Plaintiffs, who therefore sue said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs allege that each named defendant herein designated as DOE is negligently, willfully, or otherwise legally responsible for the events and happenings herein referred to, and proximately cause injury and damages thereby to Plaintiffs, as herein alleged. Plaintiffs will ask leave of the court to substitute these Defendants when the true names and capacities of such defendants have been ascertained.

30. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and, based upon such information and belief, allege that

each of the defendants herein designated as DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10, inclusive, is, in some manner, negligently, willfully, or otherwise responsible for the events, happenings, occurrences, and injuries sustained by Plaintiffs as alleged herein pursuant to NRCP 10(d) and Nurenberger Hercules-Werke GMBH v. Virotek, 107 Nev. 873, 822 P.2d 1100 (1991), the identity of defendants designated as JOHN DOES 1-60 are unknown at the present time; however, it is alleged and believed these Defendants were involved in the initiation, approval, support, or execution of the wrongful acts upon which this litigation is premised.

III.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

31. On or about August 19, 2018, Plaintiffs were guests in a hotel room at the RIO, reserved by CORY BASS and CARLOS BASS.

- 32. CORY BASS and CARLOS BASS invited guests, including each Plaintiff, to the room for a birthday celebration.
- 3 33. Every guest that attended the birthday party was African American.

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- 34. The room, room 2037, was a large suite which comfortably fits many people. There were 4 5 thirty-four (34) people in the room when RIO security and LVMPD arrived.
- 6 35. Prior to reserving the room, CORY BASS and CARLOS BASS called the RIO to inform 7 the RIO that they would have guests in the hotel room for the celebration.
- 8 36. Room 2037 has a sound system in the room by which guests can amplify music.
 - 37. RIO security has a policy for addressing noise complaints. According to this policy, upon receiving a complaint, RIO security will visit the room and speak to the registered guest(s). Security will give the guest(s) a warning. If another complaint is received, RIO security will again
- 12 visit the room and ask any guests who are not registered to the room to leave. If a third complaint 13 is received, RIO security will evict everyone from the room.
- 14 38. RIO security alleged to have received a noise complaint regarding room 2037 at some point 15 after 2:00 AM.
- 16 39. RIO security staff indicated that the noise complaint was made by another guest who was 17 staying on the same floor as room 2037.
 - 40. RIO security staff said that the guest reported hearing loud music and smelling marijuana smoke coming from room 2037.
- 20 41. RIO security staff indicated that the guest who reported the noise complaint was not in his 21 room at the time he contacted RIO security. The guest allegedly called security from the casino 22 floor.
 - 42. In response to the alleged noise complaint, RIO security staff, including CARLISLE, did not send a security officer to room 2037 to give the guests a first warning, as was indicated by RIO security policy.
- 26 43. RIO security staff did not issue any warnings to the guests about their noise level by any means. RIO staff never indicated to any guest that they would be asked to leave the premises if

- 1 || they did not reduce the level of noise.
- 2 | 44. RIO security staff did not contact LVMPD in relation to the noise complaint.
- 3 | 45. At approximately 2:10 a.m., LVMPD officers BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG,
- 4 | and YOUNG arrived at the RIO and spoke with security staff.
- 5 | 46. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, and YOUNG were operating as marked patrol
- 6 units and received information from one or more DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE
- 7 | OFFICERS 1-10 that a "gang party" was occurring at the RIO.
- 8 | 47. Upon information and belief, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10
- 9 obtained the information about the "gang party" from ongoing investigations into individuals,
- 10 | including one or more Plaintiffs, as part of LVMPD's Gang Crimes Section.
- 11 | 48. Upon information and belief, investigations by the Gang Crimes Section and DOE LVMPD
- 12 || GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10 include ongoing and invasive monitoring of individuals'
- 13 | activities, including via social media.
- 14 | 49. Upon information and belief, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10
- 15 | informed BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, and YOUNG that three (3) alleged gang
- 16 | members were at the RIO that evening: CORY BASS and two (2) other men.
- 17 | 50. Upon information and belief, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, and YOUNG did
- 18 | not independently verify the information from DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS
- 19 | 1-10 prior to arriving at the RIO.
- 20 | 51. Upon information and belief, none of DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS
- 21 | 1-10, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, or YOUNG had evidence that any criminal
- 22 | activity was or would be happening at the party at the RIO.
- 23 | 52. Upon arrival at the RIO, BAUMAN informed RIO security officer CARLISLE and/or his
- 24 || subordinates, DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10, that LVMPD had reason to believe there was a "gangle"
- 25 || party" taking place on the premises.
- 26 | 53. DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
- 27 || and JEONG did not know in which room the alleged "gang party" was taking place.

- 1 | 54. Upon information and belief, BAUMAN showed RIO security officer CARLISLE and/or
- 2 | DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 the names and/or a photograph of one or more of the alleged gang
- 3 | members who were allegedly on the premises.
- 4 | 55. RIO security agreed to assist the LVMPD officers.
- 5 | 56. CARLISLE indicated that he believed the party was in room 2037, based on the alleged
- 6 guest complaint of noise and the smell of marijuana coming from that room.
- 7 | 57. Upon information and belief, LVMPD officers never produced and RIO security never
- 8 | asked to see a warrant of any kind.
- 9 | 58. Upon information and belief, BAUMAN developed a plan to approach room 2037, which
- 10 | he shared with RIO security, including CARLISLE and one or more DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-
- 11 || 10, in the RIO security office prior to going up to the room.
- 12 | 59. RIO security officer CARLISLE and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 took BAUMAN,
- 13 | KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, who had since
- 14 | arrived at the RIO, to room 2037.
- 15 | 60. Once at the door of room 2037, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and
- 16 | DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 took a tactical position, lining up along the walls on either side
- 17 || of the door. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS
- 18 | 1-10 were obscured from the view of the person who would answer the door.
- 19 | 61. No music is audible on the body-worn camera footage of LVMPD officers standing right
- 20 | next to the door.
- 21 | 62. RIO security officer CARLISLE knocked on the door, surrounded by DOE RIO
- 22 | EMPLOYEES 1-10.
- 23 | 63. CORY BASS opened the door right away.
- 24 | 64. With the door open, still no music is audible on the body-worn camera footage of LVMPD
- 25 officers standing right next to the door.
- 26 | 65. CARLISLE said "we had some noise complaints, we're going to be asking you to shut the
- 27 || party down and everybody leave."

- 1 | 66. CORY BASS explained that this was the first they had heard of a noise complaint. CORY 2 | BASS said that he would turn the music down if it was a problem.
- 3 | 67. CARLISLE said that everyone would have to leave. He did not explain why the guests 4 | were not receiving a warning. He did not mention anything about smoking marijuana in the room.
- 5 | 68. CORY BASS and CARLOS BASS explained that they knew the RIO policy was to offer warnings before evicting guests for a noise complaint.
- 7 | 69. CORY BASS and CARLOS BASS indicated that they disagreed with the decision but were not combative or belligerent.
- 9 | 70. After about one (1) minute of interaction between CORY BASS, CARLOS BASS, and
- 10 CARLISLE, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS
- 11 | 1-10 began to appear within view of the door.
- 12 71. Upon information and belief, BAUMAN stepped into the room immediately and announced: "Metro Police, come on out."
- 14 72. None of the guests, registered to the room or otherwise, gave consent for LVMPD officers to enter the hotel room.
- 16 | 73. Some of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD
- 17 OFFICERS 1-10, forcefully grabbed and immediately detained CORY BASS and CARLOS
- 18 | BASS.
- 19 74. A Defendant officer handcuffed and frisked CORY BASS for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 21 | 75. A Defendant officer handcuffed and frisked CARLOS BASS for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 23 | 76. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and/or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-24 | 10 ordered every guest to line up along the walls of the suite's foyer.
- 25 | 77. The guests complied. No guest reached for a firearm or made a furtive movement.
- 26 | 78. As the guests stood in line waiting to leave the room, more LVMPD officers arrived on the scene.

- 1 | 79. Multiple guests can be heard on the LVMPD officers' body camera footage asking if they were free to leave the room.
 - 80. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 indicated that guests would be subject to a pat down before they were allowed to leave the room.

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- 81. Guests were escorted out of the hotel room and into the hallway one-by-one, where each guest was subject to a search by one or more of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10.
- 8 | 82. According to the RIO's incident report, there were thirty-four (34) guests in the room.
- 9 | 83. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 | ran identification checks on each of the thirty-four (34) people inside the room.
- 11 | 84. Plaintiff SEMPER was brought out of the room. BAUMAN handcuffed him. As he was
 12 | detained, Plaintiff SEMPER informed BAUMAN that he had a firearm on him. BAUMAN frisked
 13 | him for weapons and found the firearm.
- 14 | 85. Plaintiff JOHNSON was brought out of the room. KRAVETZ officer handcuffed him.
 15 | KRAVETZ frisked him for weapons. He was carrying a firearm.
- 86. Plaintiff MEDLOCK was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 handcuffed her. A Defendant officer frisked her for weapons. She was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 19 | 87. Plaintiff GREEN was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
 20 | JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed him. A Defendant
 21 | officer frisked him for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 22 | 88. Plaintiff RILEY was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
 23 | JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed him. A Defendant
 24 | officer frisked him for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- Plaintiff NELLUMS was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
 JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed her. A Defendant
 officer frisked her for weapons. She was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.

- 1 | 90. Plaintiff REECE was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
- 2 | JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed him. A Defendant
- 3 || officer frisked him for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 4 | 91. Plaintiff WILLIAMS was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ,
- 5 KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed him. A
- 6 Defendant officer frisked him for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 7 | 92. Plaintiff BOWIE was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR,
- 8 | JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed her. A Defendant
- 9 officer frisked her for weapons. She was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 10 | 93. Plaintiff CARLOS BASS was brought out of the room. One of BAUMAN, KRAVETZ,
- 11 KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, or DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10 officer handcuffed him. A
- 12 | Defendant officer frisked him for weapons. He was not carrying a firearm or any other weapon.
- 13 | 94. In total, all thirty-four (34) guests were handcuffed. Guests were forced to sit handcuffed
- 14 on the floor in the hall outside of room 2037 for up to six (6) hours.
- 15 | 95. Plaintiffs SEMPER, JOHNSON, MEDLOCK, GREEN, NELLUMS, REECE,
- 16 | WILLIAMS, and BOWIE were arrested and transported to jail.
- 17 | 96. Plaintiffs SEMPER and JOHNSON were charged criminally for Carrying Concealed
- 18 || Firearm or Other Deadly Weapon under NRS 202.350(1)(d)(3).
- 19 | 97. Plaintiffs MEDLOCK, GREEN, NELLUMS, WILLIAMS, and BOWIE were arrested for
- 20 || outstanding traffic warrants.
- 21 | 98. Of the three men that LVMPD detectives claimed would be at the party and carrying
- 22 || firearms, only one, CORY BASS, was among the thirty-four (34) guests detained. CORY BASS
- 23 | was not armed. CORY BASS had no outstanding warrants and was not arrested or transported to
- 24 | jail. The other two men were not present during this incident.
- 25 | 99. Defendant SEMPER's criminal case, Case No. 18F15424X, was heard in Las Vegas Justice
- 26 | Court, Department 12.
- 27 | 100. Defendant SEMPER filed a motion to suppress evidence on the basis that the firearm found

- 1 on his person, the sole evidence giving rise to his charge of Carrying Concealed Firearm or Other
- 2 | Deadly Weapon, was found as a result of an unconstitutional search.
- 3 | 101. At an evidentiary hearing on June 28, 2019 before the Honorable Diana Sullivan, Justice
- 4 | of the Peace, the court granted SEMPER's motion to suppress and the case against him was
- 5 dismissed. Ex. 1.
- 6 | 102. The court found that LVMPD's warrantless entry into room 2037 was unlawful.
- 7 | 103. The court found that there was "no reasonable suspicion of a crime afoot by any one person
- 8 | and certainly not by each and every one of the guests." Ex.1 5:24-6:2.
- 9 | 104. The court found that there was "no specific or credible evidence of any specific criminal
- 10 | gang activity." Ex. 1 8:17-18.
- 11 | 105. Some LVMPD officers testified that there was marijuana smoke in the room and that was
- 12 || the criminal activity which LVMPD was investigating. While the court agreed that smoking
- 13 | marijuana in a public place is a criminal activity punishable by a misdemeanor, the court
- 14 || acknowledged that smoking marijuana in a private place is not a crime. Ex. 1. 9:4-13.
- 15 | 106. The court found that a hotel room is a private place: "as a matter of law [] the public is not
- 16 | invited or permitted into a rented hotel room without permission of the guest." Ex. 1 10:2-4.
- 17 | 107. The court found that, while smoking marijuana may be a violation of hotel policy, smoking
- 18 | marijuana in a private suite is not a crime and is not a basis for reasonable suspicion.
- 19 | 108. No guest was cited or arrested for smoking marijuana in the hotel room.
- 20 | 109. The court noted that "everyone in the entire suite was systematically... and
- 21 | indiscriminately detained by law enforcement." Ex. 1 10:17-20.
- 22 | 110. The court noted the inconsistency "that the officers contend that they were there to help
- 23 || evict people, and in fact can be heard on the body cam video yelling, [']everyone has to leave and
- 24 || your party's over,['] but yet they were not letting people leave." Ex. 1 14:1-6.
- 25 | 111. As to LVMPD's assertion that each pat-down was an allowable weapons frisk, the court
- 26 | noted that "a weapons frisk is only allowable [] when there is a proper detention of an individual
- 27 | pursuant to [NRS] 171.123." Ex. 1 15:13-16.

- 1 | 112. Plaintiff JOHNSON's criminal case (Justice Court Dept. 9, Case No. 18F15425X) was 2 | dismissed shortly after Plaintiff SEMPER's evidentiary hearing for identical reasons.
- 3 | 113. While handcuffed in the hallway for multiple hours, Plaintiffs were not given access to 4 | food, water, or a restroom facility.
- 5 | 114. Plaintiffs were all traumatized by the incident and have suffered extreme emotional distress.
- 7 | 115. Upon information and belief, LVMPD has a training protocol known officially as the 8 | "party crashers" protocol.
- 9 | 116. Upon information and belief, every LVMPD officer, including all of those present for the events giving rise to this Complaint, has been or will be trained in this "party crashers" protocol.
- 11 | 117. Upon information and belief, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 created and/or maintained this protocol, which has been in use for over ten (10) years.
- 13 | 118. Upon information and belief, officers are trained to enact this protocol when breaking up parties in residential areas.

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- 119. Upon information and belief, the protocol involves entering the premises where a party is taking place and corralling as many people into a controlled space as possible. The protocol then requires officers to administer pat-downs and run record checks on every person who has been corralled and is being held in the space.
- 120. Upon information and belief, officers are trained to administer pat-downs and record checks indiscriminately, regardless of whether there is reasonable suspicion that any one individual has engaged, is engaging, or will engage in criminal activity.
- 22 | 121. BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, and DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-23 | 10 engaged in the "party crashers" protocol on the night of the events giving rise to this Complaint.
- 24 | 122. Upon information and belief, another party, on the same floor just down the hall and attended predominately by white guests, was not interrupted by LVMPD officers.
- 26 | 123. After the events giving rise to this Complaint, LVMPD broadcast to the public on social media that it had "broke up a large gang party" where "over a dozen documented gang members

1	were arrested"
2	124. News coverage of the arrests also indicated that the Plaintiffs and other guests were arrested
3	at a "gang party." Some coverage included booking photos of one or more Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs
4	friends, family, and employers saw these reports.
5	125. No person at the party, a birthday celebration, was arrested for criminal gang activity.
6	IV.
7	CAUSES OF ACTION
8	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
9	VIOLATION OF TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT of 1964, 28 C.F.R. §§ 42.101 e
10	seq. AND 42 U.S.C. § 1983
11	(Against LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE
12	LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and
13	DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5)
14	126. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-125 as though fully set forth herein.
15	127. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d, provides: [n]o person in the
16	United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation
17	in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected discrimination under any program or activity receiving
18	federal financial assistance.
19	128. Federal regulations implementing Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibi
20	federally funded programs or activities from having a racially discriminatory impact or effect. The
21	regulations provide that no program receiving financial assistance through the United States
22	Department of Justice shall: utilize criteria or methods of administration which have the effect o
23	L VMDD Convention Contan Area Command (@L VMDDCCAC) Twitten (Avg. 10, 2019)
24	¹ LVMPD Convention Center Area Command (@LVMPDCCAC), Twitter (Aug. 19, 2018, 11:04 AM), https://twitter.com/LVMPDCCAC/status/1031240416119599110.
25	² E.g., Katherine Jarvis, Nine identified after gang party arrests at Rio Las Vegas hotel-casino, KTNV Las Vegas (Aug. 19, 2018, 11:30 PM), https://www.ktnv.com/news/gang-members-
26	arrested-at-local-casino; Phillip Moyer, Police break up 'large gang party' at Rio Hotel and Casino, (Aug. 19, 2018) https://news3lv.com/news/local/police-break-up-large-gang-party-at-rio
27	hotel-and-casino.

1	subjecting individuals to discrimination because of their race, color, or national origin, or have th
2	effect of defeating or substantially impairing accomplishment of the objectives of the program a
3	
	respects individuals of a particular race, color, or national origin. 28 C.F.R. § 42.104(b)(2).
4	129. Defendant LVMPD receives federal financial assistance from the United State
5	Department of Justice and, thus, is bound to abide by the terms of Title VI and its implementin
6	regulations, including 28 C.F.R. §§ 42.101 et seq.
7	130. The surveillance methods employed by Defendant LVMPD's Gang Crimes Section have
8	discriminatory impact on people of color residing in Clark County, Nevada, including Plaintiffs
9	as described herein, and thereby violate 28 C.F.R. §§ 42.101 et seq. and Title VI. This violation is
10	actionable under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
11	131. Through their acts and omissions as alleged in this Complaint, namely their implementatio
12	of the "party crashers" protocol against a party attended by African Americans but not against
13	parties attended predominately by white individuals, Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO
14	BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE
15	OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-
16	violated Plaintiffs' rights secured by Title VI and its implementing regulations.
17	132. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of Title VI and its implementing
18	regulations, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in a
19	amount subject to proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against
20	Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO, as well as their employees and agents. In the absence of
21	judicial intervention, Plaintiffs will continue to be subjected to Defendants' practice of race-base
22	discrimination.
23	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
24	VIOLATION OF THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF
25	THE UNITED STATES UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983
26	(RIGHT TO EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS)

(Against BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK 1 2 FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD 3 **SUPERVISORS 1-5**) 133. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-132 as though fully set forth herein. 4 5 134. Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, 6 DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and 7 DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 acted under color of law and violated Plaintiffs' right to equal protection of the law as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. 8 9 Acting in concert with one another, Defendants have engaged in a continuing pattern and practice of intentional race discrimination in gang monitoring efforts carried out in various 10 11 divisions of the LVMPD, including the Gang Crimes Section. In so doing, Defendants have caused 12 Plaintiffs to suffer deprivation, on account of their race and/or national origin, of their fundamental 13 rights to liberty and to be free from unlawful searches, detentions, and seizures. 14 Defendants acting under color of law, institute, authorize, tolerate, ratify, and acquiesce in 15 policies, practices, and customs of detention, searches and seizures which involve intentional race 16 discrimination in the provision of law enforcement services. Defendants so engaged in intentional 17 race discrimination when they asserted, without evidence, that a party attended exclusively by 18 African Americans was a "gang party" and, despite no evidence of criminal activity, handcuffed, 19 searched, and ran a warrant check on every guest, including Plaintiffs. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of the Fourth Amendment, 20 21 Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to 22 proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief, as well as their employees 23 and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive 24 damages from Defendants. 25 THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

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(RIGHT TO EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS)

(Against LVMPD and LOMBARDO)

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- 138. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-137 as though fully set forth herein.
- 4 | 139. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG
 - TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD
- 6 | SUPERVISORS 1-5 acted under color of law and violated Plaintiffs' right to equal protection of
- 7 || the law as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.
- 8 | 140. Acting in concert with one another, Defendants have engaged in a continuing pattern and
- 9 | practice of intentional race discrimination in gang monitoring efforts carried out in various
- 10 | divisions of the LVMPD, including the Gang Crimes Section. In so doing, Defendants have caused
- 11 | Plaintiffs to suffer deprivation, on account of their race and/or national origin, of their fundamental
- 12 | rights to liberty and to be free from unlawful searches, detentions, and seizures.
- 13 | 141. Defendants acting under color of law, institute, authorize, tolerate, ratify, and acquiesce in
- 14 policies, practices, and customs of detention, searches and seizures which involve intentional race
- 15 discrimination in the provision of law enforcement services. Defendants so engaged in intentional
- 16 | race discrimination when they asserted, without evidence, that a party attended exclusively by
- 17 | African Americans was a "gang party" and, despite no evidence of criminal activity, handcuffed,
- 18 searched, and ran a warrant check on every guest, including Plaintiffs.
- 19 | 142. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because at all relevant times they were
- 20 | responsible for making and enforcing policies with respect to the Defendant officers' provision of
- 21 | law enforcement services and ensuring that such services are provided in an equitable and non-
- 22 | discriminatory manner and within the parameters of the law, and Defendants LVMPD and
- 23 | LOMBARDO failed to do so.
- 24 | 143. Alternatively, where an official policy does not exist, Defendants LVMPD and
- 25 | LOMBARDO retain a duty to prevent the adoption and prohibit the use of de facto policies and
- 26 procedures or customs when the policy, procedure, or custom in practice would amount to
- 27 | deliberate indifference to the rights of persons with whom the police come into contact. Defendants

LVMPD and LOMBARDO have failed to do that with regards to Defendant officers' racially 1 discriminatory execution of frisks, searches, seizures, and detention and LVMPD and 2 3 LOMBARDO's failure resulted in the violation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of the Fourth Amendment, 4 5 Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to 6 proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against Defendants LVMPD 7 and LOMBARDO, as well as their employees and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive damages from Defendants. 8 9 FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION 10 VIOLATION OF THE FOURTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE 11 CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM UNREASONABLE SEARCH AND SEIZURE) 12 13 (Against BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-14 10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5) 15 145. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-144 as though fully set forth herein. 16 146. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 acted under color of law and violated 17 18 Plaintiffs' rights to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as guaranteed by the Fourth 19 and Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution. Defendants had no legal basis for handcuffing, detaining, frisking, or patting down each 20 147. 21 Plaintiff. There was no reasonable suspicion that any individual Plaintiff, let alone every Plaintiff 22 and guest in room 2037, had engaged in, was engaging in, or would imminently engage in any 23 criminal activity. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of the Fourth Amendment, 24 148. 25 Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to 26 proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief, as well as their employees 27 and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive

damages from Defendants.

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE FOURTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM UNREASONABLE SEARCH AND SEIZURE) (Against LVMPD and LOMBARDO)

- 149. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-148 as though fully set forth herein.
- 150. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 acted under color of law and violated Plaintiffs' rights to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as guaranteed by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution.
- 151. Defendants had no legal basis for handcuffing, detaining, frisking, or patting down each Plaintiff. There was no reasonable suspicion that any individual Plaintiff, let alone every Plaintiff and guest in room 2037, had engaged in, was engaging in, or would imminently engage in any criminal activity.
- 152. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because at all relevant times they were responsible for making and enforcing policies with respect to the Defendant officers' execution of frisks, searches, and seizures and ensuring that such searches and seizures are conducted within the parameters of the law, and Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO failed to do so. Specifically, Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO maintained a policy of responding to parties by searching and detaining every person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable cause or reasonable suspicion.
- 153. Alternatively, where an official policy does not exist, Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO retain a duty to prevent the adoption and prohibit the use of de facto policies and procedures or customs when the policy, procedure, or custom in practice would or does amount to deliberate indifference to the rights of persons with whom the police come into contact. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO have failed to make such corrections with regards to the "party

damages from Defendants.

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE FOURTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM UNLAWFUL DETENTION)

(Against LVMPD and LOMBARDO)

159. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-158 as though fully set forth herein.

160. Defendants LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE

LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 acted under color of law

and violated Plaintiffs' rights to be free from unlawful detention as guaranteed by the Fourth and

Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution. Defendant officers seized and subsequently

detained Plaintiffs for several hours.

161. Defendants' actions in detaining Plaintiffs were unreasonable and violated their rights to

be free from unlawful detention as guaranteed by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the

U.S. Constitution.

162. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because at all relevant times they were

responsible for making and enforcing policies with respect to the Defendant officers' execution of

detention and ensuring that such detention is conducted within the parameters of the law, and

Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO failed to do so. Specifically, Defendants LVMPD and

LOMBARDO maintained a policy of responding to parties by searching and detaining every

person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable cause or reasonable

suspicion.

163. Alternatively, where an official policy does not exist, Defendants LVMPD and

LOMBARDO retain a duty to prevent the adoption and prohibit the use of de facto policies and

procedures or customs when the policy, procedure, or custom in practice would or does amount to

deliberate indifference to the rights of persons with whom the police come into contact. Defendants

LVMPD and LOMBARDO have failed to make such corrections with regards to the "party

crashers" protocol and Defendant officers' execution of detentions and LVMPD and

LOMBARDO's failure resulted in the violation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights. 1 As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of the Fourth Amendment, 2 3 Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against Defendants LVMPD 4 5 and LOMBARDO, as well as their employees and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive damages from Defendants. 6 7 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION** CIVIL CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE PLAINTIFFS' CIVIL RIGHTS 8 9 UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983 10 (Against All Defendants) 11 165. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-164 as though fully set forth herein. 12 166. Defendants acted under color of law, and Defendants engaged in a civil conspiracy to 13 violate Plaintiffs' civil rights to be free from unlawful arrest and unreasonable search and seizure 14 as guaranteed by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution. 15 Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, 167. 16 DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, CARLISLE, and DOE 17 RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each 18 other to knowingly and willfully engage in the acts described hereto to cause harm to Plaintiffs. 19 Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD 168. OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 worked in concert to unlawfully 20 21 detain, handcuff, search, and arrest Plaintiffs. Upon information and belief, these Defendants 22 created a system by which multiple officers aided in each step of the process of removing a Plaintiff 23 from room 2037, handcuffing him/her, searching his/her person, and forcing him/her to remain 24 seated on the floor of the Rio hallway for hours. 25 169. Upon information and belief, Defendant CARLISLE and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10, 26 without requesting a warrant or independently verifying the alleged noise complaint, brought the 27 Defendant officers to room 2037 and invited them to assist in the eviction of Plaintiffs and other

1	guests from the room. CARLISLE and BAUMAN, along with others, created this plan in the Rio
2	security office prior to engaging with the Plaintiffs and reiterated the plan in the elevator ride up
3	to room 2037.
4	170. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because they have instituted and/or
5	maintained policies, practices, or customs that permit the unlawful search and seizure of hotel
6	guests, including those at the RIO, and that require or permit their officers to respond in same.
7	Furthermore, Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO at all relevant times were responsible for
8	making and enforcing policies with respect to the Defendant officers' execution of frisks, searches,
9	and seizures and ensuring that such searches and seizures are conducted within the parameters of
10	the law.
11	171. Defendant RIO is liable because it has instituted and/or maintained policies, practices, or
12	customs that permit the unlawful search and seizure of hotel guests, with cooperation and
13	coordination from LVMPD.
14	172. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' civil conspiracy to violate Plaintiffs' civil
15	rights, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount
16	subject to proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against Defendants
17	LVMPD and RIO, as well as their employees and agents; attorney's fees and costs from
18	Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive damages from Defendants.
19	NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION
20	CIVIL CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE PLAINTIFFS' CIVIL RIGHTS
21	UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1985(3)
22	(Against All Defendants)
23	173. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-172 as though fully set forth herein.
24	174. Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG,
25	DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, CARLISLE, and DOE
26	RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 acted under color of law and combined, conspired, confederated, and
27	agreed together and with each other to knowingly and willfully deprive Plaintiffs' of equal 23

protection under the law.

- 175. Defendants engaged in intentional race discrimination when they asserted, without evidence, that a party attended exclusively by African Americans was a "gang party" and agreed together to evict, handcuff, search, and run a warrants check on every guest, including Plaintiffs, despite having no evidence of a threat of ongoing or imminent criminal activity.
- 176. Defendants' actions were motivated by invidiously discriminatory animus and denied Plaintiffs of their right to equal protection of the laws, as well as their rights to be free from unlawful detention and unreasonable search and seizure.
 - 177. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' civil conspiracy to violate Plaintiffs' civil rights, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against Defendants LVMPD and RIO, as well as their employees and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive damages from Defendants.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

CIVIL CONSPIRACY UNDER NEVADA LAW

(Against All Defendants)

- 178. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-177 as though fully set forth herein.
- 179. Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5, CARLISLE, and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to knowingly and willfully violate Plaintiffs' civil rights under the U.S. Constitution, intentionally and negligently inflict emotional distress on Plaintiffs, and falsely imprison Plaintiffs. 180. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because they have instituted and/or maintained policies, practices, or customs that permit the unlawful search and seizure of hotel guests, including those at the RIO, and that require or permit their officers to respond in same. Furthermore, Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO at all relevant times were responsible for

and seizures and ensuring that such searches and seizures are conducted within the parameters of 1 the law. 2 3 181. Defendant RIO is liable because it has instituted and/or maintained policies, practices, or customs that permit the unlawful search, seizure, and prolonged detention of hotel guests, with 4 5 cooperation and coordination from LVMPD. 6 182. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' civil conspiracy to violate Plaintiffs' civil 7 rights, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to proof, and Plaintiffs are entitled to: injunctive and declaratory relief against Defendants 8 9 LVMPD and RIO, as well as their employees and agents; attorney's fees and costs from Defendants, and monetary, compensatory, and punitive damages from Defendants. 10 11 **ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION** 12 INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS UNDER N.R.S. 41.130 13 (Against LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, DOE LVMPD 14 **OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5)** 15 183. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-182 as though fully set forth herein. 16 184. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 intentionally caused Plaintiffs to 17 18 suffer severe emotional distress by their extreme and outrageous conduct of searching and 19 detaining Plaintiffs without warrant, probable cause, or reasonable suspicion, and forcing them to 20 sit handcuffed for up to six hours with no access to food, water, or restroom facilities. 21 185. As a result of Defendants' acts, Plaintiff RILEY experienced for months the physical and 22 emotional symptoms of anxiety any time he entered a casino or hotel. On at least one occasion, 23 RILEY experienced the physical and emotional symptoms of a period of intense mental distress when he thought that he may again be subjected to such treatment by police. 24 25 As a result of Defendants' acts, Plaintiff NELLUMS experiences the physical and 186. 26 emotional symptoms of anxiety at the thought of attending large events, or in other instances where

she fears she may again be subjected to such treatment by police.

1	187. As a result of Defendants' acts, Plaintiff BOWIE experiences the physical and emotional
2	symptoms of anxiety when she is in the presence of law enforcement, or in other instances where
3	she fears she may again be subjected to such treatment by police. BOWIE experienced a panic
4	attack, with physical symptoms including hyperventilation, increased heart rate, and shaking,
5	while she was transported from the Rio to the Clark County Detention Center.
6	188. As a result of Defendants' acts, Plaintiff CARLOS BASS experiences the physical and
7	emotional symptoms of anxiety when he thinks about the events giving rise to this complaint,
8	including the physical and emotional pain of being forced to sit in tight handcuffs and hold his
9	urine for as many as six hours.
10	189. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because Defendant LVMPD officers
11	were at all relevant times in the employ of LVMPD and under the supervisory authority of
12	LOMBARDO, and LVMPD and LOMBARDO are responsible for Defendant officers' conduct.
13	Defendant officers were not acting independently, committed the wrongful acts during the course
14	of their official duties as LVMPD officers, and such actions were reasonably foreseeable where
15	LVMPD and LOMBARDO maintained a policy of responding to parties by searching and
16	detaining every person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable
17	cause or reasonable suspicion.
18	190. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' infliction of emotional distress upon
19	Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an
20	amount subject to proof and, pursuant to N.R.S. 41.130, Plaintiffs are entitled to compensatory
21	damages from Defendants; and attorney's fees and costs from Defendants.
22	TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
23	NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS UNDER N.R.S. 41.130
24	(Against LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE
25	LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5)
26	191. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-190 as though fully set forth herein.
27	192. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD

1	OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 owed Plaintiffs a duty not to
2	unlawfully detain, search, and seize Plaintiffs' persons, and breached same.
3	193. Defendants' breach of this duty inflicted severe emotional distress upon Plaintiffs.
4	194. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because Defendant LVMPD officers
5	were at all relevant times in the employ of LVMPD and under the supervisory authority of
6	LOMBARDO, and LVMPD and LOMBARDO are responsible for Defendant officers' conduct.
7	Defendant officers were not acting independently, committed the wrongful acts during the course
8	of their official duties as LVMPD officers, and such actions were reasonably foreseeable where
9	LVMPD and LOMBARDO maintained a policy of responding to parties by searching and
10	detaining every person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable
11	cause or reasonable suspicion.
12	195. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' infliction of emotional distress upon
13	Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount
14	subject to proof and, pursuant to N.R.S. 41.130, Plaintiffs are entitled to compensatory damages
15	from Defendants; and attorney's fees and costs from Defendants.
16	THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
17	FALSE IMPRISONMENT UNDER N.R.S. 41.130
18	(Against LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE
19	LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5)
20	196. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-195 as though fully set forth herein.
21	197. Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD
22	OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 each intended to and confined
23	Plaintiffs within the Rio Hotel, their actions resulted in Plaintiffs being so detained, and Plaintiffs
24	were all aware of and harmed by the confinement.
25	198. Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO are liable because Defendant LVMPD officers
26	were at all relevant times in the employ of LVMPD and under the supervisory authority of
27	LOMBARDO, and LVMPD and LOMBARDO are responsible for Defendant officers' conduct.

Defendant officers were not acting independently, committed the wrongful acts during the course 1 of their official duties as LVMPD officers, and such actions were reasonably foreseeable where 2 3 LVMPD and LOMBARDO maintained a policy of responding to parties by searching and detaining every person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable cause 4 5 or reasonable suspicion. 6 199. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' false imprisonment of Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs 7 have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to proof 8 and, pursuant to N.R.S. 41.140, Plaintiffs are entitled to actual and foreseeable monetary damages 9 from Defendants; and attorney's fees and costs from these Defendants. 10 FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION 11 NEGLIGENT TRAINING, SUPERVISION, AND RETENTION UNDER N.R.S. 41.130

(Against LVMPD)

Plaintiffs hereby incorporate paragraphs 1-199 as though fully set forth herein. 200.

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- 201. Defendants LVMPD owed Plaintiffs a duty to use reasonable care in the training, supervision, and retention of its employees to make sure that the employees are fit for their positions by implementing policies and procedures designed to prevent wrongful acts by its employees, such as those committed by Defendant officers against Plaintiffs, and breached the same.
- 202. Defendant LVMPD's breach of this duty caused Plaintiffs to suffer severe emotional distress.
- Defendant LVMPD is liable because Defendants BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, 203. JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 were at all relevant times in the employ of LVMPD and LVMPD is responsible for these Defendants' conduct. These Defendants were not acting independently, committed the wrongful acts during the course of their official duties as police officers, and such actions were reasonably foreseeable considering the nature and scope of their employment as police officers where LVMPD has

maintained a policy of engaging in the discriminatory provision of law enforcement services and responding to parties by searching and detaining every person on the premises regardless of the existence of individualized probable cause or reasonable suspicion.

204. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent training, supervision, and retention of the Defendant police officers, Plaintiffs have suffered, are suffering, and will continue to suffer damages in an amount subject to proof and, pursuant to N.R.S. 41.130, Plaintiffs are entitled to compensatory damages from Defendant LVMPD; and attorney's fees and costs from this Defendant.

V.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE Plaintiffs seek judgment as follows:

- a. A declaration that Defendant LVMPD's, Defendant LOMBARDO's, Defendant BAUMAN's, Defendant KRAVETZ's, Defendant KAUR's, Defendant JEONG's, Defendant YOUNG's, Defendant DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10's, and Defendant DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5's acts of indiscriminately detaining, handcuffing, searching, and arresting Plaintiffs without probable cause or reasonable suspicion violated Plaintiffs' rights to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures and from unlawful detentions as guaranteed by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the U.S. Constitution;
- b. A permanent injunction (a) prohibiting Defendants LVMPD, LOMBARDO, BAUMAN, KRAVETZ, KAUR, JEONG, YOUNG, DOE LVMPD GANG TASK FORCE OFFICERS 1-10, DOE LVMPD OFFICERS 1-10, and DOE LVMPD SUPERVISORS 1-5 from engaging in unlawful searches and seizures based on race or ethnicity; and (b) ordering Defendants LVMPD and LOMBARDO to establish effective preventative mechanisms to ensure that discriminatory searches and seizures do not continue in the future, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (i) To cease and desist from all pretextual searches and seizures;

- (ii) To cease and desist from all searches and seizures without probable cause of criminal activity;
- (iii) To establish a procedure to enable each person involved in a search and seizure the right to file a grievance to contest illegal acts and acts motivated by bias;
- (iv) To establish clear and consistent discipline in the event a grievance is sustained;
- (v) To appoint an independent auditor who will review the records of officers quarterly to determine that there is compliance with these reforms;
- (vi) To establish an early warning system which will collect information such as citizen complaints against an officer and other information regarding misconduct and will alert the officer's supervisor when a set number of incidents are recorded;
- (vii) To establish a mechanism for internal discipline of officers who are found to have engaged in racial profiling and pretextual stops and questioning; and
- (viii) To require that all officers participate in regular and recurring training to assure that the officers do not act due to bias based on race or ethnicity.
- c. A declaration that Defendant LVMPD's policy regarding breaking up parties, known as the "party crashers" protocol, in which LVMPD officers indiscriminately detain, handcuff, search, and arrest individuals without probable cause or reasonable suspicion is unlawful;
- d. A permanent injunction prohibiting Defendant LVMPD from utilizing the "party crashers" protocol;
- e. A permanent injunction prohibiting Defendants RIO, CARLISLE, and DOE RIO EMPLOYEES 1-10 from committing acts that:
 - (i) Put hotel guests' health, privacy, and safety at risk; and
 - (ii) Grant, without a valid warrant, law enforcement access to hotel rooms 30

1	or any other area where a guest has an expectation of privacy
2	f. Damages and punitive damages to be determined at the time of trial;
3	g. An award of attorney's fees and expenses pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988(b).
4	h. Any further relief the Court deems appropriate.
5	VII.
6	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
7	Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial on all causes of action.
8	
9	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED 17th of August, 2020.
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