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21 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

22 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

23 LISA MCALLISTER, an individual;
 24 BRANDON SUMMERS, an individual; and
 25 JORDAN POLOVINA, an individual,

26 **Case No.: 2:24-cv-00334-JAD-NJK**

27 **STIPULATED**
PROTECTIVE ORDER

28 Plaintiffs,

vs.

29 CLARK COUNTY, a political subdivision of
 30 the state of Nevada,
 31 Defendants.

32 Plaintiffs Lisa McAllister, Brandon Summers, and Jordan Polovina, by and
 33 through their respective counsel, having agreed¹ to the following and for good cause under
 34 Rule 26(c)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as
 35 follows:

36
 37
 38 ¹ The Parties' agreement to follow the confidentiality provisions herein is binding upon
 39 execution.

1 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.**

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action may involve production of
 3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
 4 disclosure may be warranted under Rule 26(c)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
 5 The Parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all
 6 disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends to only the
 7 limited information or items that are entitled under law to treatment as confidential.

8 **2. SCOPE.**

9 All documents produced in the course of discovery, all responses to discovery
 10 requests, all deposition testimony and exhibits, responses to subpoenas from third parties
 11 and any other materials which may be subject to discovery (hereinafter collectively
 12 “Discovery Material”) whether produced before or after the date of the execution of this
 13 Agreement shall be subject to this stipulated protective order concerning confidential
 14 information as set forth below.. Any party, or any third party who produces documents in
 15 this litigation, may designate documents as Confidential but only after review of the
 16 documents by an attorney who has, in good faith, determined that the documents contain
 17 “Confidential Information,” as defined below, and pursuant to the procedure set forth below.

18 **3. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.**

19 “Confidential Information” shall mean information meriting special protection
 20 under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and applicable case law. Confidential
 21 Information does not include information that (a) is in the public domain at the time of
 22 disclosure; (b) becomes part of the public domain through no fault of the Receiving Party;
 23 (c) the Receiving Party can show was in its rightful and lawful possession at the time of
 24 disclosure; or (d) the Receiving Party lawfully receives from a Non-party later without
 25 restriction as to disclosure.

26 **4. OTHER DEFINITIONS.**

27 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, agents, and
 28 attorney(s) of record for a Party in this action (including their associates, paralegals, and

1 support/ clerical staff).

2 Non-party: any individual, corporation, association, or natural person or entity
3 other than a party.

4 Protected Material: any Discovery Material containing Confidential Information
5 that is designated by a Party or Non-party as “CONFIDENTIAL,” unless the Receiving
6 Party challenges the confidentiality designation and (a) the Court decides such material is
7 not entitled to protection as confidential; (b) the Designating Party fails to apply the Court
8 for an order designating the material confidential within the time period specified below; or
9 (c) the Designating Party withdraws its confidentiality designation in writing.

10 Producing Party: a Party or Non-party that produces Discovery Material in this
11 action.

12 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

13 Designating Party: a Party or Non-party that designates Discovery Material as
14 “CONFIDENTIAL”. The Party or Non-party designating information or items as Protected
15 Material bears the burden of establishing good cause for the confidentiality of all such items.

16 Challenging Party: a party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating
17 Party’s confidentiality designation.

18 Confidentiality Log: a Confidentiality Log must accompany any production of
19 documents designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” that includes the Bates numbers of the
20 documents designated (or the portions thereof) as “Confidential” and the basis for doing so.
21 Each Producing Party shall keep this log cumulatively and re-produce it every time they
22 designate something as “CONFIDENTIAL” so that it is a cumulative record of what the
23 party has marked “CONFIDENTIAL.”

24 **5. FORM AND TIMING OF DESIGNATION.**

25 Protected Material shall be so designated by the Producing Party by placing or
26 affixing the word “CONFIDENTIAL” on the document in a manner which will not interfere
27 with the legibility of the document, and which will permit complete removal of the
28 “Confidential” designation. A Confidentiality Log must accompany any production of

1 Protected Material that includes the Bates numbers of the documents designated (or portions
 2 thereof) as “CONFIDENTIAL” and the basis for doing so. Documents shall be designated
 3 “Confidential” prior to, or contemporaneously with, the production or disclosure of the
 4 documents. The designation of documents as “CONFIDENTIAL” shall be accompanied
 5 with a Confidentiality Log in the form included at **Exhibit A**.

6 A Designating Party must exercise restraint and make good faith efforts to limit
 7 CONFIDENTIAL designations to specific materials that qualify for protection under the
 8 appropriate standard. Further, a Designating Party must use good faith efforts to designate
 9 for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or communications that
 10 qualify—so that other portions of the materials, documents, items, or communications for
 11 which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.
 12 If only a portion or portions of materials on a page or within a document merit protection, a
 13 Producing Party must so indicate by making appropriate markings in the margins but not
 14 over text. The accompanying log should clearly explain which portion is designated as
 15 CONFIDENTIAL.

16 A Producing Party that makes original documents or materials available for
 17 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has
 18 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
 19 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed
 20 “Confidential.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and
 21 produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,
 22 qualify for protection under this Order, and, before producing the specified documents, the
 23 Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend on each page that contains Protected
 24 Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
 25 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 26 appropriated markings in the margins or by redacting protected portions).

27 Portions of depositions shall be designated CONFIDENTIAL when the deposition
 28 is taken or within fourteen (14) business days after receipt of the transcript, if feasible. Such

1 designation shall be specific as to the portions to be protected and, if made by a Party, shall
 2 be accompanied with a certification and log on the form, attached as Exhibit A. A
 3 Designating Party must exercise restraint and make good faith efforts to limit
 4 “CONFIDENTIAL” designations to specific materials that qualify for protection under the
 5 appropriate standards.

6 Inadvertent or unintentional production of Protected Material without prior
 7 designation as “Confidential” shall not be deemed a waiver, in whole or in part, of the right
 8 to designate documents as Protected Material as otherwise allowed by this Order. Further,
 9 a Party may assert that disclosures or discovery material produced by another Party
 10 constitute Protected Material by informing the opposing Party by following the procedures
 11 set forth herein for a Designated Party.

12 **6. PROTECTION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

13 **a. General Protections.** Protected Material shall not be used or disclosed by the
 14 Parties or counsel for the Parties or any other persons identified below (¶ 6.b.) for any
 15 purposes whatsoever other than preparing for and conducting litigation in the above-entitled
 16 action (including any appeal).

17 **b. Qualified Receiving Parties and Limited Third-Party Disclosures.** Protected
 18 Material shall be held in confidence by each qualified Receiving Party to whom it is
 19 disclosed, shall be used only for purposes of this action, and shall not be disclosed to any
 20 person who is not a qualified recipient. All Protected Material shall be carefully maintained
 21 so as to preclude access by persons who are not qualified Receiving Parties.

22 Subject to these requirements, in addition to Parties and the Court, the following
 23 categories of persons may be allowed to review Protected Material pursuant to this Order
 24 after executing an acknowledgment (in the form set forth at Exhibit B hereto), that he or she
 25 has read and understands the terms of this Order and is bound by it:

26 (1) Any officers, directors, or designated employees of a Party deemed
 27 necessary by counsel of record in this action to aid in the prosecution,
 28 defense, or settlement of this action;

- (2) Professional outside vendors for attorneys of record (such as copying services and translators and interpreters),
- (3) Court reporters, deposition notaries and staff;
- (4) The author of any document designated as CONFIDENTIAL or the original source of Confidential Information contained therein;
- (5) Persons other than legal counsel who have been retained or specially employed by a party as an expert witness for purposes of this lawsuit or to perform investigative work or fact research;
- (6) Deponents during the course of their depositions;
- (7) Counsel for issuers of insurance policies under which any issuer may be liable to satisfy part or all of a judgment that may be entered in these proceedings or indemnify or reimburse payments or costs associated with these proceedings;
- (8) Any private mediator or arbitrator appointed by the Court or selected by mutual agreement of the Parties and the mediator or arbitrator's secretarial and clerical personnel;
- (9) Any other person as to whom the Producing Party has consented to disclosure in advance and in writing, on notice to each Party hereto.

c. Control of Documents. Counsel for Parties shall take reasonable efforts to prevent unauthorized disclosure of Protected Material pursuant to the terms of this Order. No copies of Protected Material shall be made except by or on behalf of attorneys of record, in-house counsel, or the Parties in this action.

d. Copies. Any person making copies of Protected Material shall maintain all copies within their possession or the possession of those entitled to access such information under the Protective Order. All copies shall be immediately affixed with the designation “CONFIDENTIAL” if the word does not already appear on the copy. All such copies shall be afforded the full protection of this Order.

7. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE.

1 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
 2 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated
 3 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
 4 Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all
 5 copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized
 6 disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons
 7 to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound by Stipulated Protective
 8 Order” (**Exhibit B**).

9 **8. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

10 The Parties shall follow Rule 10-5 of the Local Rules of Practice for the U.S.
 11 District Court of Nevada and must file documents under seal under the Court’s electronic
 12 filing procedures.

13 Further, the Parties recognize the presumption of public access inherent in judicial
 14 records and that a Protective Order does not establish that documents meet the standard for
 15 sealing set forth in Rule 10-5 of the Local Rules of Practice for the U.S. District Court of
 16 Nevada and the Ninth Circuit’s decisions in *Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu*, 447
 17 F.3d 1172 (9th Cir. 2006) and *Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Group, LLC*, 809 F.3d 1092,
 18 1097 (9th Cir.), *cert. denied sub nom. FCA U.S. LLC v. Ctr. for Auto Safety*, 137 S. Ct. 38
 19 (2016). When a motion to seal is related to the merits of the case, a “party seeking to seal a
 20 judicial record then bears the burden of overcoming this strong presumption by meeting the
 21 ‘compelling reasons’ standard.” *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1178. But when motion to seal is
 22 unrelated to the merits of the case, a party may overcome this presumption by meeting a less
 23 exacting “good cause standard.” *Chrysler Group*, 809 F.3d at 1097. To establish good cause,
 24 a party must show specific prejudice or harm—such as protecting a party from annoyance,
 25 embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense—will result if the motion to seal is
 26 denied. *Id.* (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c)). Further, the Court should make an independent
 27 determination regarding whether documents merits sealed status, and thus expressly
 28 reserves the right to do. *Kamakana* 447 F.3d at 1186-87.

1 In recognition of this legal standard, and the fact that the party filing Protected
 2 Material may not be the party that designated it confidential (and thus, may not believe good
 3 cause exists for sealing), the Parties suggest that the procedure set forth below is followed
 4 if the sole ground for a motion to seal is that the opposing party (or non-party) has designated
 5 a document as subject to protection pursuant to this Stipulated Protective Order: the Party
 6 filing such Protected Materials may assert in the accompanying motion any reasons why the
 7 Protected Materials should not, in fact, be kept under seal and the Designating Party, who
 8 must be properly noticed, may likewise file a response asserting its position that the
 9 Protected Material merits protection under Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil
 10 Procedure and attaching a declaration supporting the assertion that the designated material
 11 meets the applicable standard.

12 **9. CHALLENGES TO PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

13 Any designation of Protected Material is subject to challenge. The following
 14 procedures shall apply to any such challenge:

15 **a. Burden.** The burden of proving the necessity of a “CONFIDENTIAL”
 16 designation remains with the party asserting confidentiality.

17 **b. Notice; Opportunity to Challenge.** A party who contends that Protected
 18 Material is not entitled to confidential treatment shall give written notice to the party who
 19 affixed the “CONFIDENTIAL” designation of the specific basis for the challenge. The party
 20 who so designated the documents shall have ten (10) days from service of the written notice
 21 to determine if the dispute can be resolved without judicial intervention and, if not, to move
 22 for an Order confirming the “CONFIDENTIAL” designation, and the status as Protected
 23 Material.

24 **c. Treatment as Protected Material until Order or Withdrawal.**
 25 Notwithstanding any challenge to the designation of documents as such, all material
 26 previously designated “CONFIDENTIAL” shall continue to be treated as Protected Material
 27 subject to the full protections of this Order until one of the following occurs: (1) the Party
 28 who claims that the documents are Protected Material withdraws such designation in

1 writing; (2) the Party who claims that the documents are confidential fails to move timely
 2 for an Order designating the documents as confidential as set forth in paragraph 9.b. above;
 3 or (3) the Court rules that the documents are not Protected Material and/or should no longer
 4 be designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

5 **d. No Waiver.** Challenges to the confidentiality of documents may be made at any
 6 time and are not waived by the failure to raise the challenge at the time of initial disclosure
 7 or designation.

8 **10. DURATION; CONCLUSION OF LITIGATION.**

9 All provisions of this Order restricting the use of Protected Material shall continue
 10 to be binding after the conclusion of the litigation unless otherwise agreed or ordered.
 11 However, the dismissal of this action will terminate the jurisdiction of this Court, including
 12 over this Order.

13 Within thirty (30) days of the final termination of in the above-entitled action,
 14 which would be either a final judgment on all claims or stipulation and order for dismissal
 15 with prejudice, all documents and information designated as CONFIDENTIAL by a
 16 Designating Party and which has not been challenged, including any copies, or documents
 17 containing information taken therefrom, shall be returned to the Designating Party. In the
 18 alternative, within thirty (30) days of the final termination of this case, which would be
 19 either a final judgment on all claims or stipulation and order for dismissal with prejudice,
 20 all such documents, including copies, may be shredded or disposed of in a manner to ensure
 21 the destruction thereof and a declaration certifying such destruction or disposal provided to
 22 the Designating Party. To the extent a party has designated portions of a deposition
 23 transcript as CONFIDENTIAL, the non-designating party is under no obligation or duty to
 24 shred or dispose of the deposition transcript, however, the CONFIDENTIAL designation
 25 will remain.

26 **11. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED**
 27 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.**

28 If a Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would

1 compel disclosure of Protected Material designated by another Party or Non-party, the Party
 2 must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by e-mail or fax, if possible) within three
 3 (3) court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy
 4 of the subpoena or court order.

5 **12. ORDER SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION.**

6 This Order shall be subject to modification on motion of any Party or any other
 7 person who may show an adequate interest in the above-entitled action to intervene for
 8 purposes of addressing the scope and terms of this Order. The Order shall not, however, be
 9 modified until the Parties shall have been given notice and an opportunity to be heard on
 10 the proposed modification.

11 **13. NO JUDICIAL DETERMINATION.**

12 This Order is entered based on the representations and agreements of the Parties
 13 and for the purpose of facilitating discovery. Nothing herein shall be construed or presented
 14 as a judicial determination that any specific document or item of information designated as
 15 CONFIDENTIAL by counsel is subject to protection under Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules
 16 of Civil Procedure or otherwise until such time as a document-specific ruling shall have
 17 been made.

18 **14. MISCELLANEOUS.**

19 **a. Public Health and Safety.** Nothing in this Order is intended to prevent any
 20 Party from raising with the Court any concern that the disclosure of certain Protected
 21 Material may have a possible adverse effect upon the general public health or safety, or the
 22 administration or operation of government or public office.

23 **b. Right to Further Relief.** Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person
 24 to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

25 **c. Right to Assert Other Objections.** By stipulating to the entry of this Order, no
 26 Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
 27 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Order. Similarly, no Party waives
 28 any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this

1 Protective Order.

2 **15. PERSONS BOUND UPON ENTRY OF ORDER.**

3 This Order shall take effect when entered and shall be immediately binding upon
 4 the Parties (as defined herein). It shall also be binding upon subsequent parties that are added
 5 to this matter, each of which shall execute **Exhibit B** (Agreement to be bound).

6 **IT IS SO STIPULATED.**

7 DATED this 25th day of September, 2025.

8 DATED this 25th day of September, 2025.

9 **MCLETCHIE LAW**

10 By: *Margaret A. McLetchie*
 11 CHRISTOPHER M. PETERSON
 12 Nevada Bar No.: 13932
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28 *Attorney for Defendant*

ORDER

IT IS SO ORDERED.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

DATED: _____

1
EXHIBIT A2
[Name]'s LOG OF CONFIDENTIAL DESIGNATIONS

3 Date of Production	4 Bates No. or Other Identifier	5 Specific Description of Documents or Information	6 Authority/Basis for Designation
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			

EXHIBIT B

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF UNDERSTANDING
AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

LISA MCALLISTER, an individual;
BRANDON SUMMERS, an individual; and
JORDAN POLOVINA, an individual,

Case No.: 2:24-cv-00334-JAD-NJK

**[PROPOSED] STIPULATED
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Plaintiffs,

VS.

CLARK COUNTY, a political subdivision of
the state of Nevada,
Defendants.

The undersigned hereby acknowledges that he or she has read the Confidentiality Order dated _____, 2025, in the above-captioned action, understands the terms thereof, and agrees to be bound by such terms. The undersigned submits to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Nevada relating to the Confidentiality Order during the pendency of the above-entitled action and understands that the terms of said Order obligate him/her to use discovery materials designated CONFIDENTIAL solely for the purposes of the above-captioned action, and not to disclose any such Protected Material to any person, firm, entity, or concern.

The undersigned acknowledges that violation of the Stipulated Confidentiality Order may result in penalties for contempt of court.

Name: _____

Job Title:

Employer: _____

Business Address:

Date

Signature